Learning Goals

- 1. To understand how to calculate a slope, given two points.
- 2. To determine another point on a line, given the slope and a coordinate.
- 3. To understand what is meant by collinear.
- 4. To understand how to determine if 3 or more points are collinear.

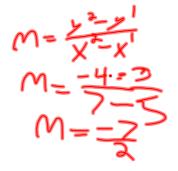
5.3 - Slope of a Line

<u>Remember</u> :	m=	$\underline{y_2 - y_1}$	or	m =	rise
		$x_2 - x_1$			run

Example One

Calculate the slope of the line passing through A(5, 3)

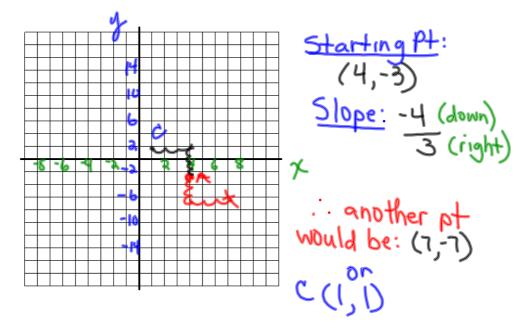




Example Two

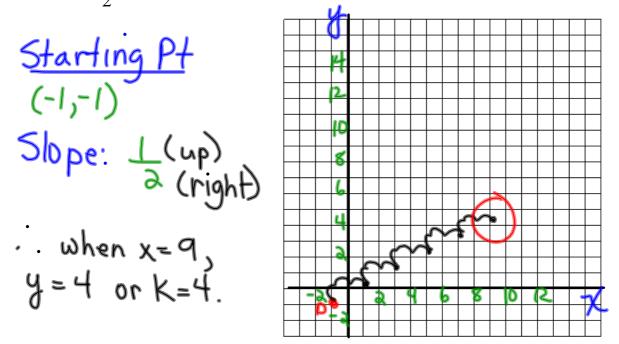
Write the coordinates of one other point that would be on the line passing through A(4, -3) with a slope of $\frac{-4}{3}$.

<u>Hint</u>: Graph point A and then use the rise over run method to find another point.



Example Three

Using the graph, determine the value of "k" in point E(9, k)when m = $\frac{1}{2}$ and the line passes through D(-1, -1).



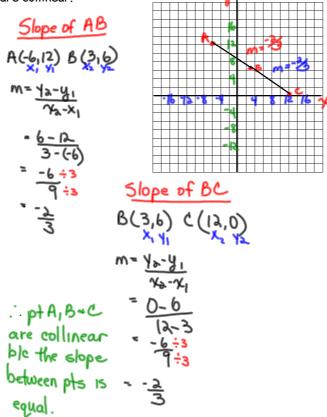
Collinear - three or more points are collinear if they lie on the same line.

To determine if points are collinear:

- Sketch graph of points. 1
- 2. Calculate the slope between points.
- 3. If all slopes are equal, then the points are collinear.

Example Four

Determine if the points A(-6, 12), B(3, 6) and C(12, 0) are collinear.



Complete: p. 278 - 279 #1, 3ace, 4, 6ac, 7, 8, 12.